

SOLUTION HOMEWORK 6

1. a) Observe that  $(\cos z)^{(4n)} = -(\cos z)^{(4n+2)} = \cos z$  and  $(\cos z)^{(4n+1)} = -(\cos z)^{(4n+3)} = -\sin z$ . Evaluate at  $z = 0$  and apply Taylor's theorem.

b)  $(\cosh z)^{(2n)} = \cosh z$ ,  $(\cosh z)^{(2n+1)} = \sinh z$  and  $\cosh 0 = 1$ ,  $\sinh 0 = 0$ .

2. a)  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(z+1)^n}{2^{n+1}}$ ,  $|z+1| < 2$ , since  $f^{(n)}(z) = \frac{n!}{(1-z)^{n+1}}$ .

b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (z - \pi/2)^{2n-1}}{(2n-1)!}$ ,  $|z| < \infty$ .

c)  $i\pi - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(z+1)^n}{n}$ ,  $|z+1| < 1$ , since

$$f^{(n)}(z) = -(n-1)!z^{-n}.$$

3. a)  $z^2 \left( 1 - \frac{z^2}{2!} + \frac{z^4}{4!} - \dots - 1 \right) = -\frac{z^4}{2!} + \frac{z^6}{4!} - \dots$ ,

so the order of the zero is 4.

b)  $f'(z) = 1 - \sec^2 z \Big|_{z=0} = 0$ ,

$$f''(z) = -2 \sec^2 z \tan z \Big|_{z=0} = 0,$$

$$f'''(z) = -4 \sec^2 z \tan^2 z - 2 \sec^4 z \Big|_{z=0} = 1,$$

so the order of the zero is 3.

4. a)  $\frac{1}{z(z^2-1)} = \frac{-1}{z} - \frac{1/2}{1-z} + \frac{1/2}{1+z}$   
 $= \frac{-1}{z} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^n + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-z)^n = -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^{2n-1}$ .

b)  $\frac{-1}{1-(1-z)} - \frac{1/2}{1-z} + \frac{1/2}{2-(1-z)}$   
 $= -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1-z)^n - \frac{1/2}{1-z} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^n$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} (1 - 2^{-n}) (z - 1)^{n-2}$$

$$5. \text{ a) } \frac{z}{(z+2)(z-1)} = \frac{2/3}{z+2} + \frac{1/3}{z-1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-z}{2}\right)^n - \frac{1}{3} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^n$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [1 - (-2)^{-n}] z^n$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{2/3}{z+2} + \frac{1/3}{(z+2)-3} = \frac{2/3}{z+2} - \frac{1/9}{1 - (z+2)/3}$$

$$= \frac{2/3}{z+2} - \frac{1}{9} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{z+2}{3}\right)^n$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{2}{3z} \left(\frac{1}{1+2/z}\right) + \frac{1}{3z} \left(\frac{1}{1-1/z}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3z} \left[ 2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-2}{z}\right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^n \right]$$

6. a) Expand

$$\frac{1}{z-1} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)!} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^{2n+1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{z-1} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)!} \left( \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (1-z)^k \right)^{2n+1}$$

b) Expand

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)!} \left(\frac{1}{z(z-1)}\right)^{2n+1}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)!} \left[ \frac{1}{z-1} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (1-z)^k \right]^{2n+1}$$